

Průmyslová energetika X15PEN

přednáška č. 8

Jan Špetlík

spetlij@fel.cvut.cz - v předmětu emailu „PEN“

Katedra elektroenergetiky, Fakulta elektrotechniky ČVUT, Technická 2, 166 27 Praha 6

Elektromechanická přeměna

$\bar{\psi}$ $\bar{i}, \bar{u}$	VEKTOR CÍVK. TOKŮ, PROUDŮ A NAPĚTÍ
γ $\omega = d\gamma/dt$	ÚHEL SOUŘADNIC ÚHLOVÁ RYCHLOST
$[L(\gamma)]$	MATICE INDUKČNOSTÍ
$[R_{\%}] \cdot$	DIAG. MATICE REZISTANCÍ
p	VÝKON

vazba tok $\Leftrightarrow$ proud

$$\bar{u} - \bar{R}_{\%} \cdot \bar{i} = \bar{\psi}^{\bullet}$$

$$\bar{\psi} = [L(\gamma)] \cdot \bar{i}$$

napěťová rovnice

$$\bar{\psi}^{\bullet} = [L(\gamma)] \cdot \bar{i}^{\bullet} + [L(\gamma)]^{\bullet} \cdot \bar{i}$$

Základní rovnice modelu

$$\dot{\bar{i}} = [L(\gamma)]^{-1} \left\{ \underbrace{\bar{u} - \bar{R}_{o\%} \cdot \bar{i}}_{\dot{\bar{\psi}}} - [L(\gamma)]^\bullet \bar{i} \right\}$$

$$\dot{\bar{i}} = [L(\gamma)]^{-1} \left\{ \bar{u} - \left(\bar{R}_{o\%} + [L(\gamma)]^\bullet \right) \cdot \bar{i} \right\}$$

výkonová bilance:

$$p = \bar{i}^T \bar{u} = \underbrace{\bar{i}^T [\bar{R}_{o\%}] \cdot \bar{i}}_{\text{výkon na odporech}} + \bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)] \cdot \dot{\bar{i}} + \bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)]^\bullet \cdot \bar{i}$$

$$W_{mag} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)] \bar{i} \quad \text{energie elektromag. pole}$$

Základní rovnice modelu

$$W_{mag}^{\bullet} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\underbrace{\bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)] \dot{\bar{i}} + \dot{\bar{i}}^T [L(\gamma)] \bar{i}}_{2 \bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)] \dot{\bar{i}}} + \bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)]^{\bullet} \bar{i} \right)$$

$$W_{mag}^{\bullet} = \bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)] \dot{\bar{i}} + \frac{\bar{i}^T [L(\gamma)]^{\bullet} \bar{i}}{2}$$

$$p = \bar{i}^T \cdot \bar{R}_{\%} \cdot \bar{i} + \underbrace{W_{mag}^{\bullet}}_{\substack{\text{výkon} \\ \text{mag. pole}}} + \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}^T \underbrace{[L(\gamma)]^{\bullet}}_{\substack{\omega \cdot \frac{d}{d\gamma} [L(\gamma)] \\ \text{výkon konvertovaný} \\ \text{do mechanické formy} \\ p_{el} = \omega M_{el}}} \bar{i}$$

Základní rovnice modelu

⇒ Konečný vztah pro volné proudy systému:

MODEL:

1.
$$\vec{i}^\bullet = [L(\gamma)]^{-1} \left\{ \bar{U} - \left(\omega \frac{d}{d\gamma} [L(\gamma)] + \bar{R}_{\%} \right) \vec{i} \right\}$$

2. pohybová rovnice

$$M_{setr} + M_{hnací} + M_{brzdící} + M_{tlum} = 0$$

Model zdroje v dq

$$\vec{\psi} = (\psi_q + j\psi_d) \cdot e^{j\omega t} \quad \text{.....prostorový fázor toku}$$

$$\vec{\psi}^\bullet = \vec{u}_i = (\dot{\psi}_q + j\dot{\psi}_d) \cdot e^{j\omega t} + j\omega \cdot (\psi_q + j\psi_d) \cdot e^{j\omega t} \quad \text{...induk. napětí}$$

$$\vec{\psi}^\bullet = \underbrace{(\dot{\psi}_q - \omega\psi_d)}_{u_{iq}} \cdot e^{j\omega t} + j \underbrace{(\dot{\psi}_d + \omega\psi_q)}_{u_{id}} \cdot e^{j\omega t}$$

$$\underbrace{(u_q + ju_d) \cdot e^{j\omega t}}_{\vec{u}} = -r \cdot \underbrace{(i_q + ji_d) \cdot e^{j\omega t}}_{\vec{i}} - \underbrace{(u_{iq} + ju_{id}) \cdot e^{j\omega t}}_{\vec{u}_i}$$

$$u_q = -r \cdot i_q - \dot{\psi}_q + \omega\psi_d \quad , \quad ju_d = j(-r \cdot i_d - \dot{\psi}_d - \omega\psi_q)$$

$$u_f = r_f \cdot i_f + \dot{\psi}_f \quad , \quad 0 = r_D \cdot i_D + \dot{\psi}_D \quad , \quad 0 = r_Q \cdot i_Q + \dot{\psi}_Q$$

Model zdroje v dq

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_q \\ u_d \\ u_f \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} r & & & & \\ & r & & 0 & \\ & & r_f & & \\ & 0 & & r_D & \\ & & & & r_Q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -i_q \\ -i_d \\ i_f \\ i_D \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -\psi_q \\ -\psi_d \\ \psi_f \\ \psi_D \\ \psi_Q \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{transf.}} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \omega\psi_d \\ -\omega\psi_q \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{rotační}}$$

cívkové toky:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \psi_d \\ \psi_f \\ \psi_D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} l_d & l_{ad} & l_{ad} \\ l_{ad} & l_f & l_{ad} \\ l_{ad} & l_{ad} & l_D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_d \\ i_f \\ i_D \end{bmatrix}$$

$$l_d = l_{ad} + l_{\sigma d}$$

$$l_q = l_{aq} + l_{\sigma q}$$

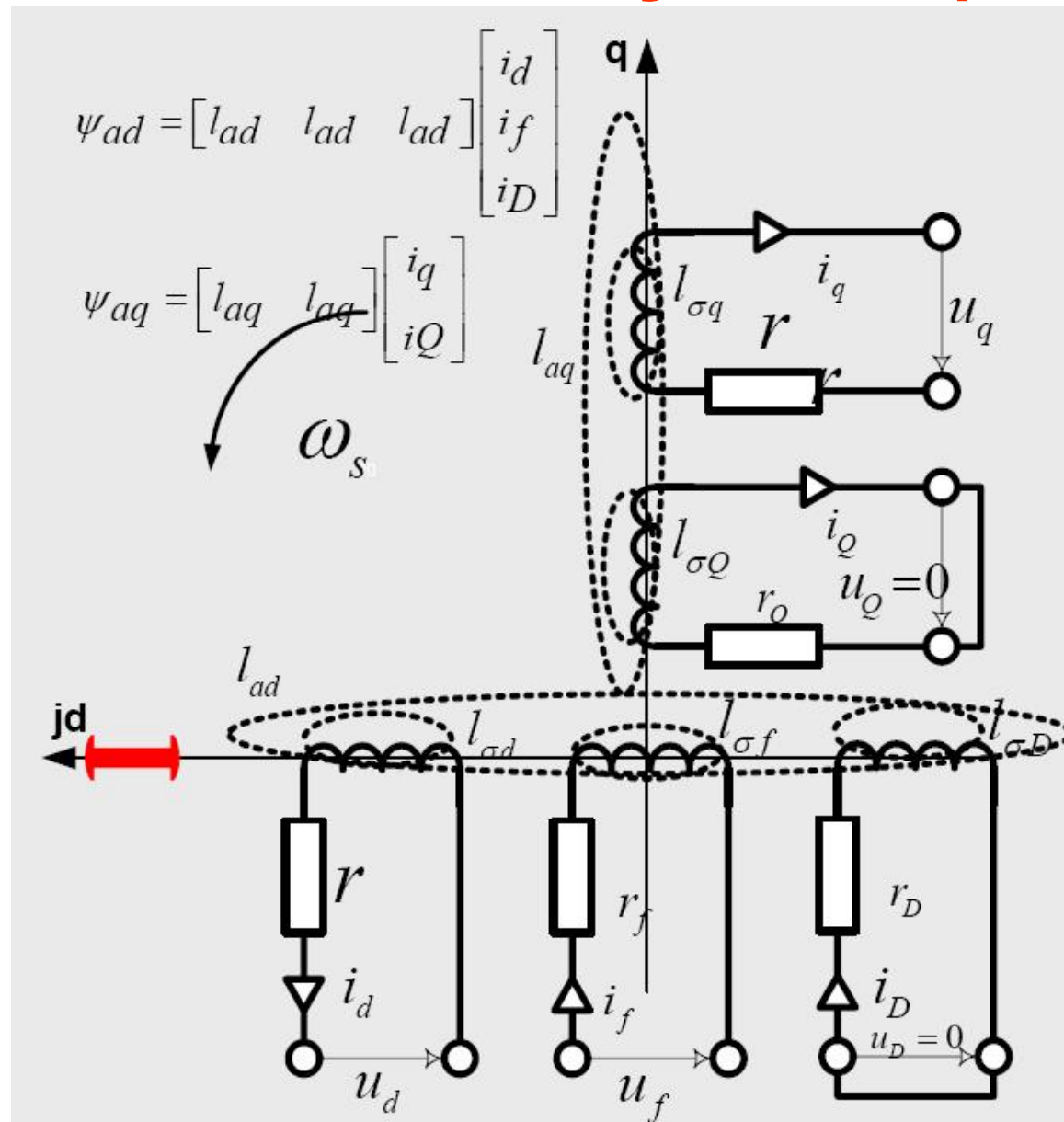
$$l_D = l_{ad} + l_{\sigma D}$$

$$l_q = l_{aq} + l_{\sigma d}$$

$$l_Q = l_{aq} + l_{\sigma Q}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \psi_d \\ \psi_Q \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} l_q & l_{aq} \\ l_{aq} & l_Q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_d \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix}$$

Model zdroje v dq



Model zdroje v dq

$$u_d = -r \cdot i_d - \overbrace{\left\{ (l_{ad} + l_{\sigma}) i_d + l_{ad} (i_f + i_D) \right\}}^{\psi_d^{\bullet}} - \underbrace{\omega (l_q i_q + l_{aq} i_Q)}_{u_{\omega d}}$$

$$u_q = -r \cdot i_q - \overbrace{\left\{ (l_{aq} + l_{\sigma}) i_q + l_{aq} i_Q \right\}}^{\psi_q^{\bullet}} - \underbrace{\omega (l_d i_d + l_{ad} (i_f + i_D))}_{u_{\omega q}}$$

$$u_f = r_f \cdot i_f + \overbrace{\left\{ (l_{ad} + l_{\sigma f}) i_f + l_{ad} (i_d + i_D) \right\}}^{\psi_f^{\bullet}}$$

$$0 = r_D \cdot i_D + \overbrace{\left\{ (l_{ad} + l_{\sigma D}) i_D + l_{ad} (i_f + i_D) \right\}}^{\psi_D^{\bullet}} = r_Q \cdot i_Q + \overbrace{\left\{ (l_{ad} + l_{\sigma Q}) i_Q + l_a (i_f + i_q) \right\}}^{\psi_Q^{\bullet}}$$

Zdroj v dq – ustálený stav

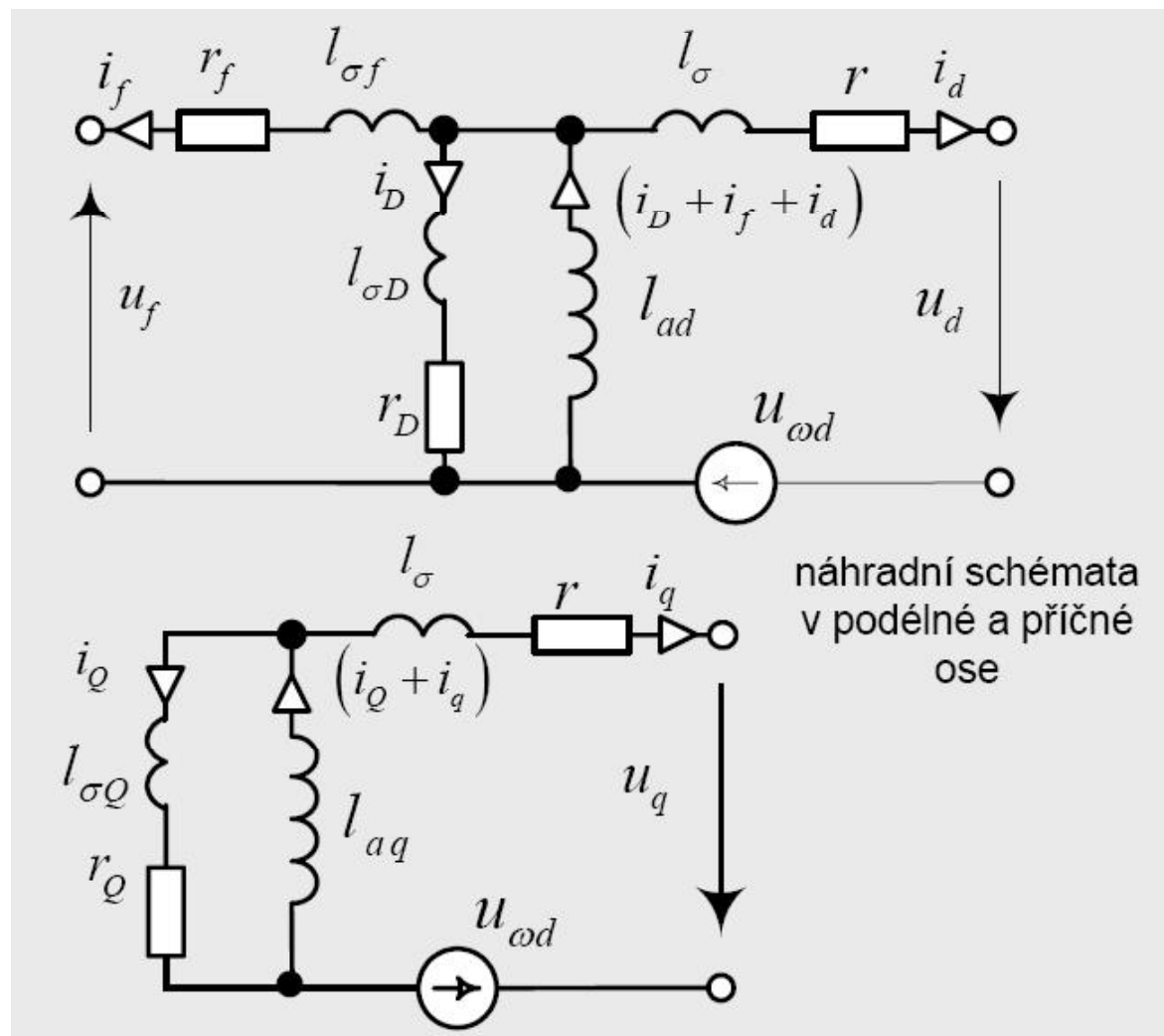
$$\left(\begin{matrix} \end{matrix} \right)' = 0 \Rightarrow i_d = i_Q = 0, \quad \omega = 1 \Rightarrow l_q = x_q, l_d = x_d$$

$$ju_d = -r \cdot ji_d - jx_q \cdot i_q \quad u_q = -ri_q - jx_d \cdot ji_d + \overbrace{l_{ad} \cdot i_f}^e$$

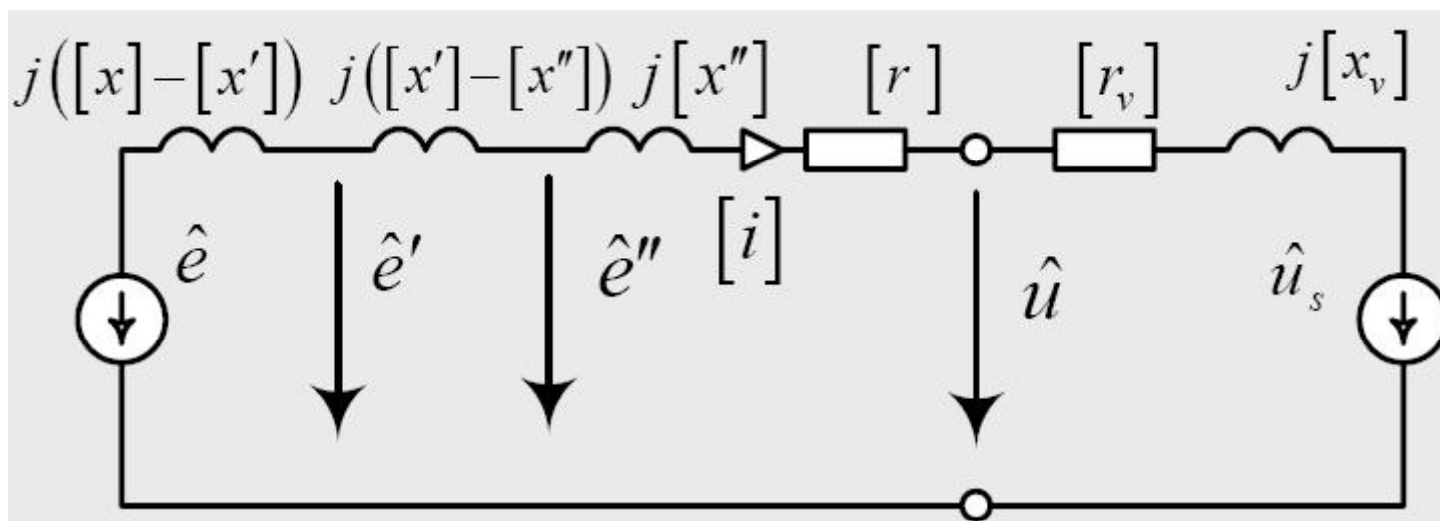
$$e = \underbrace{u_q + ju_d + jx_q \cdot i_q + jx_d ji_d}_{\hat{u}} \pm ji_d jx_d$$

$$e = \hat{u} + \left(r + jx_q \right) \overbrace{\left(i_q + ji_d \right)}^{\hat{i}} + \overbrace{ji_d \cdot j \left(x_d - x_q \right)}^{\text{reálné číslo (v ose q)}}$$

Zdroj v dq – náhradní schéma



Zdroj v dq – náhradní schéma



Zdroj v dq – ustálený stav

- Pro tvorbu hybridní matice i-Ψ (ale např. i [H] – viz. Simultánní poruchy) platí:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_1 \\ \bar{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} [a_{11}] & [a_{12}] \\ [a_{21}] & [a_{22}] \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{y}_1 \\ \bar{y}_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{dílčí inverze}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{x}_1 \\ \bar{y}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} [a_{11}] - [a_{12}][a_{22}]^{-1}[a_{21}], & [a_{12}][a_{22}]^{-1} \\ -[a_{22}]^{-1}[a_{21}], & [a_{22}]^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{y}_1 \\ \bar{x}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Zdroj v dq – ustálený stav

$$\begin{bmatrix} \psi_d \\ i_f \\ i_D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} l_d'' & (l_d'' - l_\sigma)/l_{\sigma f} & (l_d'' - l_\sigma)/l_{\sigma D} \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_d \\ \psi_f \\ \psi_D \end{bmatrix}$$

$$l_d'' = l_\sigma + \left(\frac{1}{l_{ad}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma f}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma D}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \psi_d \\ i_f \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} l_d' & (l_d' - l_\sigma)/l_{\sigma f} \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_d \\ \psi_f \end{bmatrix}, \quad l_d' = l_\sigma + \left(\frac{1}{l_{ad}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma f}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \psi_q \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} l_q' & (l_q' - l_\sigma)/l_{\sigma Q} \\ \bullet & \bullet \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_q \\ \psi_Q \end{bmatrix}, \quad l_q' = l_\sigma + \left(\frac{1}{l_{aq}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma Q}} \right)^{-1}$$

Zdroj v dq – ustálený stav

$$\frac{d\psi}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow u_q = -r.i_q + \omega\psi_d, \quad ju_d = -r.ji_d - \omega\psi_q,$$

$$u_q = \omega \begin{bmatrix} l_d'' & \frac{l_d'' - l_{\sigma d}}{l_{\sigma f}} & \frac{l_d'' - l_{\sigma d}}{l_{\sigma D}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_d \\ \psi_f \\ \psi_D \end{bmatrix} - r.i_q$$

$$u_q = x_d'' . i_d + \underbrace{\omega(l_d'' - l_{\sigma d}) . \left(\frac{\psi_f}{l_{\sigma f}} + \frac{\psi_D}{l_{\sigma D}} \right)}_{e_q''} - r.i_q$$

$$u_d = -\omega.\psi_q - r.i_d = -\omega \begin{bmatrix} l_q'' & \frac{l_q'' - l_{\sigma Q}}{l_{\sigma q}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_q \\ \psi_Q \end{bmatrix} - r.i_d$$

$$u_q = x_d'' . i_d + e_q'' - r.i_q, \quad u_d = -x_q'' . i_q + e_d'' - r.i_d$$

Zdroj v dq – ustálený stav

$$u_q = \omega \left[l'_d \quad \frac{l'_d - l_{\sigma d}}{l_{\sigma f}} \right] \begin{bmatrix} i_d \\ \psi_f \end{bmatrix} - r \cdot i_q$$

$$u_q = x'_d \cdot i_d + e'_q - r \cdot i_q, \quad u_d = -r \cdot i_d - x_q \cdot i_q$$

Zdroj v dq – ustálený stav

$$u_q = -r \cdot i_q - jx_d \cdot ji_d + e$$

$$ju_d = -r \cdot ji_d - jx_q \cdot i_q$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e \\ j0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u_q \\ ju_d \end{bmatrix} + \left(\begin{bmatrix} r & 0 \\ 0 & r \end{bmatrix} + j \begin{bmatrix} 0 & x_d \\ x_q & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} i_q \\ ji_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{e} = \bar{u} + (\bar{r}_{\%} + j[x]) \cdot \bar{i}$$

$$u_q = -r \cdot i_q - jx'_d \cdot ji_d + e'_q$$

$$ju_d = -r \cdot ji_d - jx_q \cdot i_q$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e''_q \\ je''_d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u_q \\ ju_d \end{bmatrix} + \left(\begin{bmatrix} r & 0 \\ 0 & r \end{bmatrix} + j \begin{bmatrix} 0 & x'_d \\ x_q & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} i_q \\ ji_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{e}' = \bar{u} + (\bar{r}_{\%} + j[x']) \cdot \bar{i}$$

Zdroj v dq – ustálený stav

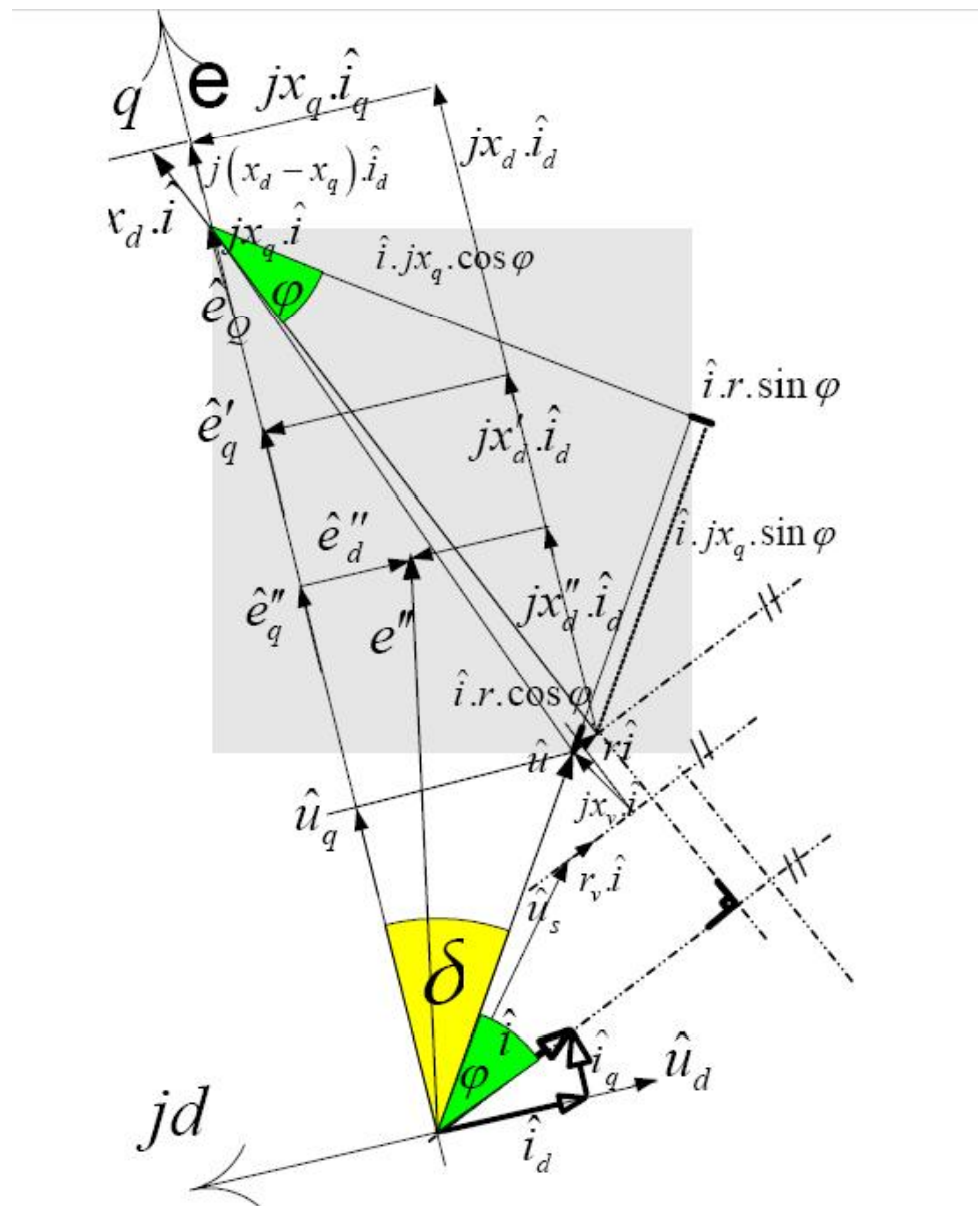
$$u_q = -r.i_q - jx_d''.ji_d + e_q''$$

$$ju_d = -r.ji_d - jx_q''.i_q + je_d''$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e_q'' \\ je_d'' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u_q \\ ju_d \end{bmatrix} + \left(\begin{bmatrix} r & 0 \\ 0 & r \end{bmatrix} + j \begin{bmatrix} 0 & x_d'' \\ x_q'' & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} i_q \\ ji_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{e}'' = \bar{u} + \left(\bar{r}_{\%} + j[x''] \right) \bar{i}$$

Zdroj v dq – fázorový diagram



Volba počátečních podmínek

$$\bar{S} = \hat{u} \cdot \hat{i}^* = (u_q + ju_d) \cdot (i_q - ji_d)$$

$$\bar{S} = \underbrace{u_q \cdot i_q + u_d \cdot i_d}_P + j \underbrace{(u_d \cdot i_q - u_q \cdot i_d)}_Q$$

$$i_d = i \cdot \cos(\varphi + \delta + \pi/2),$$

$$i_q = i \cdot \cos(\varphi + \delta),$$

$$|\hat{i}| = \frac{\sqrt{P^2 + Q^2}}{u}, \quad \varphi = \operatorname{arctg}\left(\frac{Q}{P}\right)$$

$$\delta = \operatorname{arctg}\left(\frac{i \cdot (x_q \cdot \cos \varphi - r \cdot \sin \varphi)}{u + i \cdot (x_q \cdot \sin \varphi + r \cdot \cos \varphi)}\right)$$

$$|e'_Q| = \sqrt{\left\{u + i \cdot (x_q \cdot \sin \varphi + r \cdot \cos \varphi)\right\}^2 + \left\{i \cdot (x_q \cdot \cos \varphi - r \cdot \sin \varphi)\right\}^2}$$

Jednoduchý dyn. model

$$\psi_{ad} = l_{ad} \cdot (i_d + i_f + i_D) = \psi_d - l_{\sigma} i_d = \psi_f - l_{\sigma f} i_f = \psi_D - l_{\sigma D} i_d$$

$$i_d = \frac{\psi_d - \psi_{ad}}{l_{\sigma}}, \quad i_f = \frac{\psi_f - \psi_{ad}}{l_{\sigma f}}, \quad i_D = \frac{\psi_D - \psi_{ad}}{l_{\sigma D}}$$

$$\psi_{aq} = l_{aq} \cdot (i_q + i_Q) = \psi_q - l_{\sigma} i_q = \psi_Q - l_{\sigma Q} i_Q$$

$$i_q = \frac{\psi_q - \psi_{aq}}{l_{\sigma}}, \quad i_Q = \frac{\psi_Q - \psi_{aq}}{l_{\sigma Q}}$$

$$\frac{1}{l_{md}} = \frac{1}{l_{ad}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma d}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma f}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma D}}, \quad \frac{1}{l_{mq}} = \frac{1}{l_{aq}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma q}} + \frac{1}{l_{\sigma Q}}$$

Jednoduchý dyn. model

$$\psi_{ad} = \psi_d \frac{l_{md}}{l_\sigma} + \psi_f \frac{l_{md}}{l_{\sigma f}} + \psi_D \frac{l_{md}}{l_{\sigma D}} \quad \text{algebraické vazby}$$

$$\psi_{aq} = \psi_q \frac{l_{mq}}{l_\sigma} + \psi_Q \frac{l_{mq}}{l_{\sigma Q}}$$

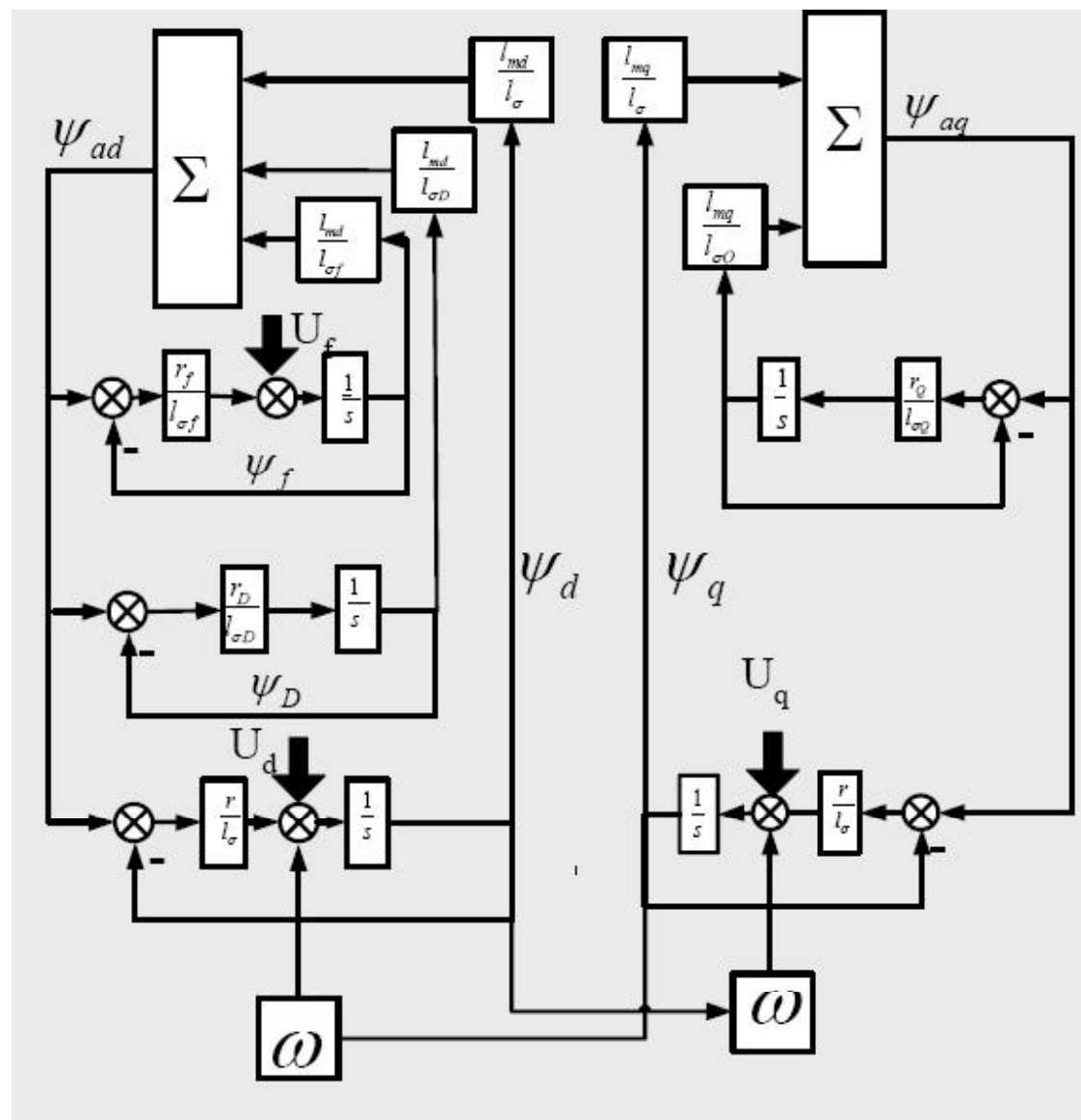
$$\dot{\psi}_d = -u_d - \frac{r}{l_\sigma} (\psi_d - \psi_{ad}) - \omega \psi_q \quad \text{diferenciální rovnice}$$

$$\dot{\psi}_q = -u_q - \frac{r}{l_\sigma} (\psi_q - \psi_{aq}) + \omega \psi_d$$

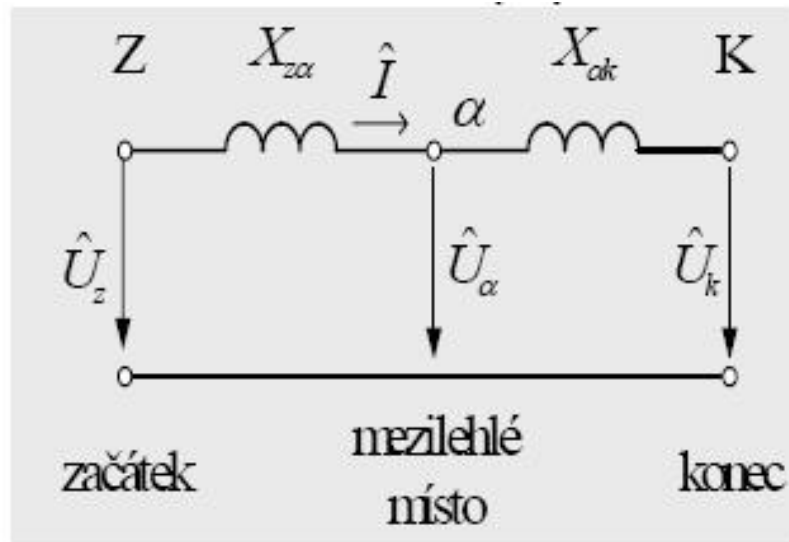
$$\dot{\psi}_f = u_f - \frac{r_f}{l_{\sigma f}} (\psi_f - \psi_{ad})$$

$$\dot{\psi}_D = -\frac{r_D}{l_{\sigma D}} (\psi_D - \psi_{ad}), \quad \dot{\psi}_Q = -\frac{r_Q}{l_{\sigma Q}} (\psi_Q - \psi_{aq}),$$

Jednoduchý dyn. model



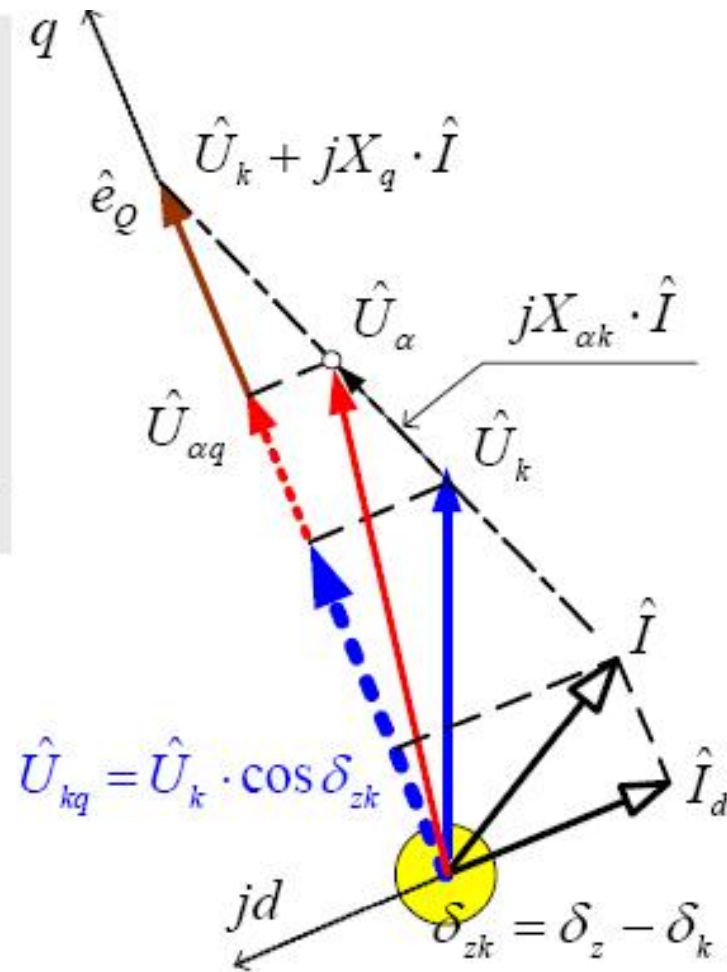
Zdroj v dq – vztahy pro výkony



$$S_z = \hat{U}_z \cdot \hat{I}^*, \quad S_k = \hat{U}_k \cdot \hat{I}^*,$$

$$\hat{I} = (\hat{U}_z - \hat{U}_k) / (jX_{zk}),$$

$$\hat{I}^* = (\hat{U}_z^* - \hat{U}_k^*) / (-jX_{zk}),$$



Zdroj v dq – vztahy pro výkony

$$S_k = j\hat{U}_k \cdot \frac{\hat{U}_z^* - \hat{U}_k^*}{X_{zk}} = -j\frac{U_k^2}{X_{zk}} + j\frac{U_k \cdot U_z}{X_{zk}} \cdot e^{j\delta_{zk}}$$

$$S_z = j\hat{U}_z \cdot (\hat{U}_z^* - \hat{U}_k^*) / X_{zk} = j\frac{U_z^2}{X_{zk}} - j\frac{U_z \cdot U_k}{X_{zk}} \cdot e^{j\delta_{zk}}$$

$$S_z = \underbrace{\frac{U_z \cdot U_k}{X_{zk}} \cdot \sin \delta_{zk}}_{P_z} + j \underbrace{\left(\frac{U_z^2}{X_{zk}} - \frac{U_z \cdot U_k}{X_{zk}} \cdot \cos \delta_{zk} \right)}_{Q_z}$$

$$S_k = -\underbrace{\frac{U_k \cdot U_z}{X_{zk}} \cdot \sin \delta_{zk}}_{P_k} + j \underbrace{\left(-\frac{U_k^2}{X_{zk}} + \frac{U_k \cdot U_z}{X_{zk}} \cos \delta_{zk} \right)}_{Q_k}$$

Zdroj v dq – činný výkon

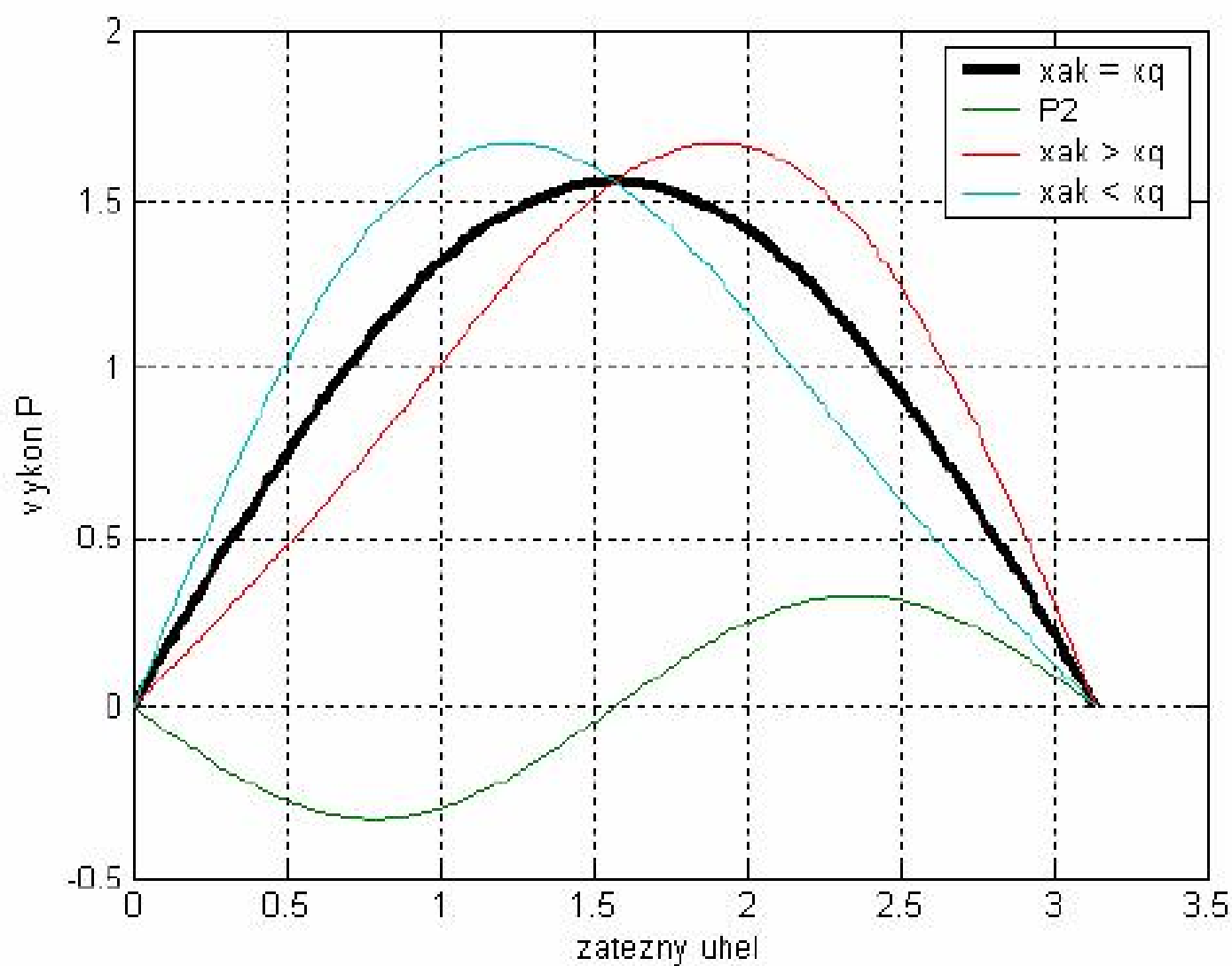
$$\begin{aligned}\hat{U}_{\alpha q} &= \hat{U}_{kq} + jX_{\alpha k} \cdot \hat{I}_d \\ \hat{e}_Q &= \hat{U}_{kq} + jX_q \cdot \hat{I}_d\end{aligned} \Rightarrow \frac{\hat{U}_{\alpha q} - \hat{U}_{kq}}{\hat{e}_Q - \hat{U}_{kq}} = \frac{X_{\alpha k}}{X_q},$$

$$e_Q = \frac{X_q}{X_{\alpha k}} (U_{\alpha q} - U_{kq}) + U_{kq} = \frac{X_q}{X_{\alpha k}} \cdot U_{\alpha q} + U_{kq} \cdot \frac{X_{\alpha k} - X_q}{X_{\alpha k}}.$$

$$P = \frac{e_Q \cdot U_k}{X_q} \cdot \sin \delta_{zk} = \frac{\left(\frac{X_q}{X_{\alpha k}} U_{\alpha q} + U_{kq} \cdot \frac{X_{\alpha k} - X_q}{X_{\alpha k}} \right) \cdot U_k}{X_q} \sin \delta_{zk},$$

$$P = \frac{U_{\alpha q} \cdot U_k}{X_{\alpha k}} \cdot \sin \delta_{zk} + \frac{X_{\alpha k} - X_q}{X_{\alpha k} \cdot X_q} \cdot U_k^2 \cdot \underbrace{(\sin \delta_{zk} \cdot \cos \delta_{zk})}_{0.5 \sin 2\delta_{zk}},$$

Zdroj v dq – činný výkon

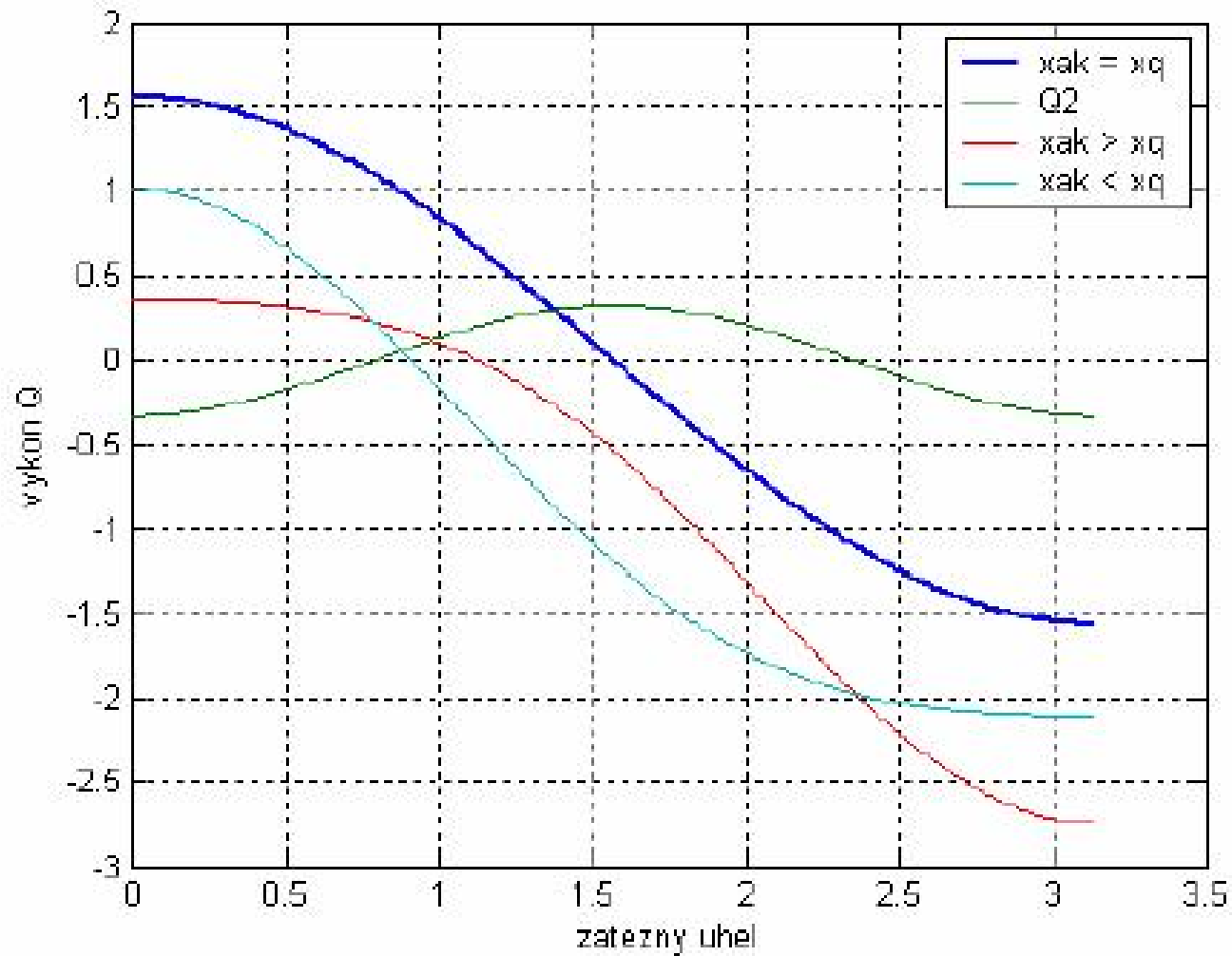


Zdroj v dq – jalový výkon

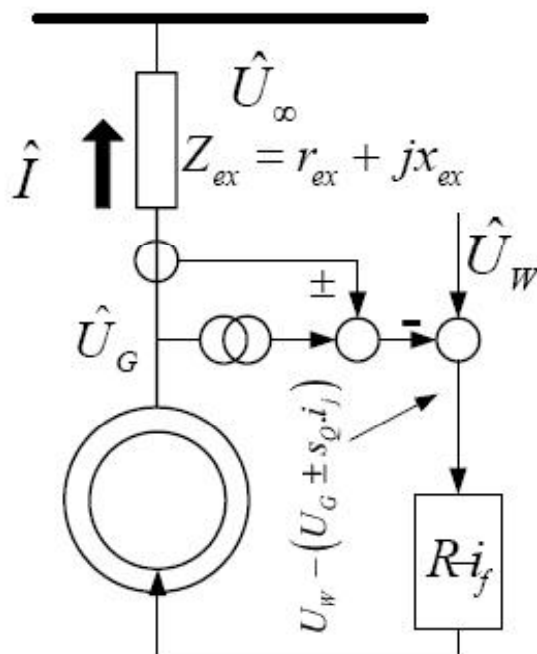
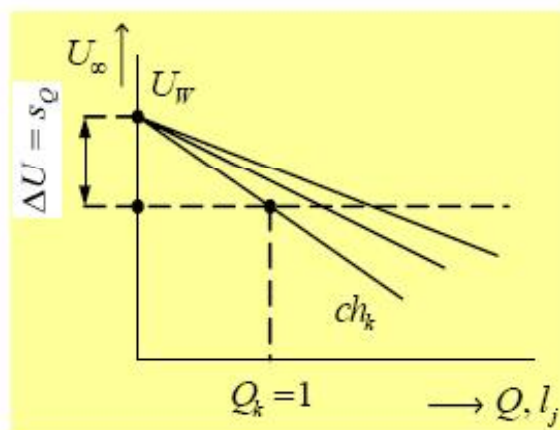
$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= -\frac{U_k^2}{X_{zk}} + \frac{U_z \cdot U_k}{X_{zk}} \cdot \cos \delta_{zk} = -\frac{U_k^2}{X_q} + \frac{\left(\frac{X_q}{X_{\alpha k}} U_{\alpha q} + U_{kq} \cdot \frac{X_{\alpha k} - X_q}{X_{\alpha k}} \right) U_k \cos \delta_{zk}}{X_q} = \\
 &= -\frac{U_k^2}{X_q} + \frac{U_{\alpha k} \cdot U_k}{X_{\alpha k}} \cdot \cos \delta_{zk} + U_k \cdot U_k \cdot \cos \delta_{zk} \cos \delta_{zk} \cdot \frac{X_{\alpha k} - X_q}{X_{\alpha k} \cdot X_q} = \\
 &= -\frac{U_k^2}{X_q} + \frac{U_{\alpha k} \cdot \overbrace{U_k \cos \delta_{zk}}^{U_{kq}}}{X_{\alpha k}} + \frac{U_k^2 (X_{\alpha k} - X_q) \overbrace{(1 + \cos 2\delta_{zk})}^{2 \cos \delta_{zk} \cos \delta_{zk} \text{ vnucená } 0}}{2 X_{\alpha k} \cdot X_q} \pm \frac{U_k^2}{2 X_q}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q = \frac{U_{\alpha q} \cdot U_k}{X_{\alpha k}} \cos \delta_{zk} - \frac{U_k^2}{2} \left(\frac{X_{\alpha k} + X_q}{X_q X_{\alpha k}} \right) + \frac{U_k^2}{2} \left(\frac{X_{\alpha k} - X_q}{X_q X_{\alpha k}} \right) \cos 2\delta_{zk}$$

Zdroj v dq – jalový výkon



Regulace U-Q



$$S_g = P_g + jQ_g \text{ výkon zdroje,}$$

$$S_L = P_L + jQ_L \text{ celkové zatížení.}$$

$$U_G = U_\infty + x_{ex} \cdot i_j = U_W \pm s_Q \cdot i_j.$$

Rovnice charakteristiky (k):

– kompaundace

+ stabilizace

$$U_\infty = U_W - \underbrace{(x_{ex} \mp s_Q)}_{s_{Q\Sigma}} \cdot i_j$$

Regulace U-Q

statika s_Q pro minimalizaci $P_\Delta(Q)$:

$$P_\Delta = \sum_k R_k \cdot I_k^2 = \sum_k R_k \cdot \frac{P_k^2 + Q_k^2}{U_s^2}, \quad P_{gk} = P_k + P_{\Delta k},$$

$$\mathcal{L} = P_\Delta + \lambda \left(Q_L - \sum_k Q_k \right) = \sum_k R_k \cdot \frac{P_k^2 + Q_k^2}{U_\infty^2} + \lambda \left(Q_L - \sum_k Q_k \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial Q_k} = \frac{2R_k \cdot Q_k}{U_\infty^2} - \lambda = 0 \Rightarrow Q_k = \frac{\lambda \cdot U_\infty^2}{2R_k}$$

$$\Delta U = s_{Qk} \cdot Q_k \Rightarrow Q_k = \frac{\Delta U}{s_{Qk}} = \frac{\lambda U_\infty^2}{2R_k} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{R_k}{s_{Qk}} = \frac{\lambda U_\infty^2}{2\Delta U} = \text{konst.}, \text{ podmínka pro volbu statiky}$$

Regulace P-f

primární regulace:

$$\underbrace{\Delta f}_{\text{změna frekvence}} + \underbrace{s_P}_{\text{statika}} \cdot \underbrace{\Delta P}_{\text{změna výkonu}} = 0$$

$$\underbrace{k}_{\text{výkonové číslo}} \cdot \underbrace{\Delta f}_{\text{změna frekvence}} + \underbrace{\Delta P}_{\text{změna výkonu}} = 0$$

