

# Průmyslová energetika X15PEN

## **přednáška č. 9**

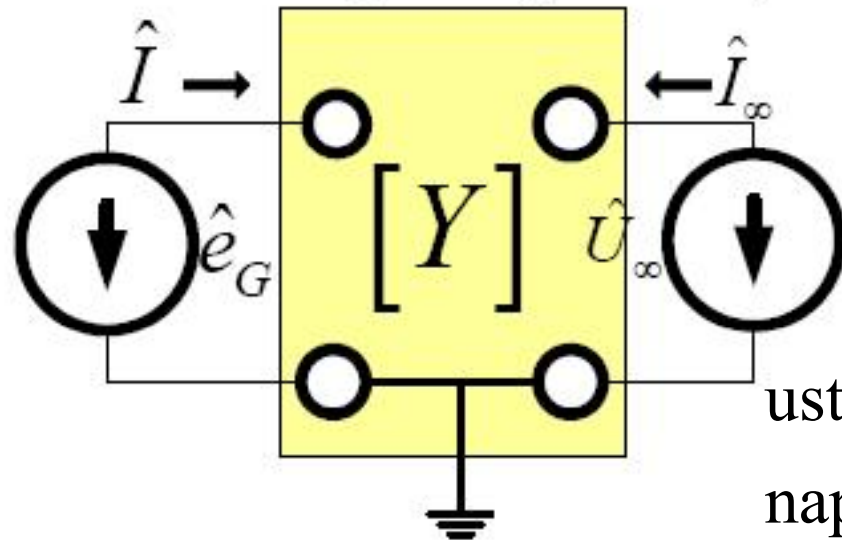
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# Vztahy pro regulaci napětí

Model bloku pro regulaci napětí



$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{I} \\ \hat{I}_\infty \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{Y}(1,1) & \hat{Y}(1,2) \\ \hat{Y}(2,1) & \hat{Y}(2,2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}_G \\ \hat{U}_\infty \end{bmatrix}$$

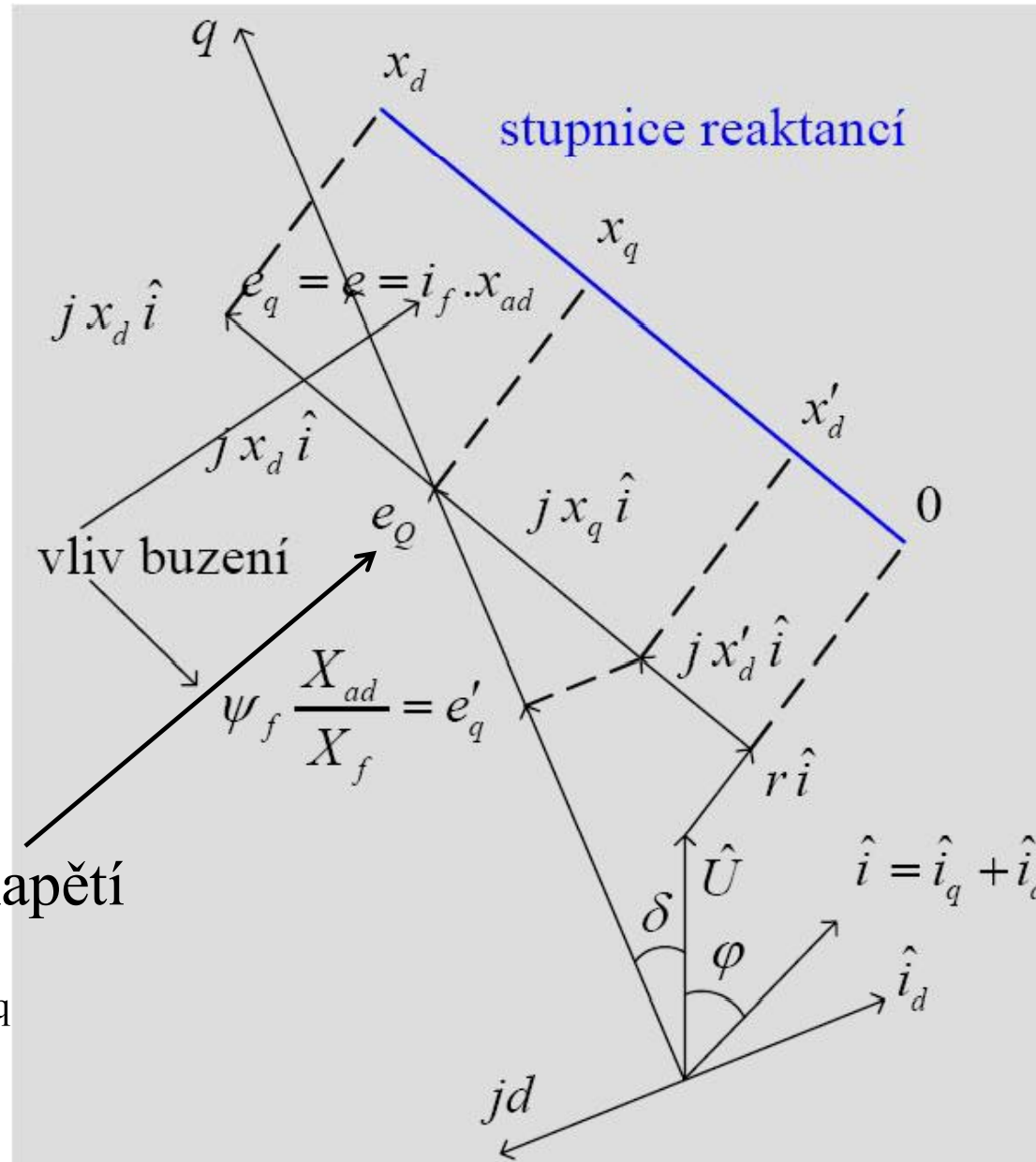
ustálené vnitřní elektromotorické  
napětí stroje

$$e_Q = e'_q + i_d (x'_d - x_q) = e_q + i_d (x_d - x_q)$$

vnitřní napětí za  
reaktancí  $x_q$

přechodné vnitřní elektromotorické  
napětí stroje

# Fázorový diagram



vnitřní zdroj napětí  
za reaktancí  $x_q$

# Základní vztahy pro $e_f$ , $e_q$ a $e'_q$

$$u_f = r_f \cdot i_f + \dot{\psi}_f, \quad K_{G0} = \frac{x_{ad}}{r_f}, \quad \text{zesílení gen.}$$

tj. rotační napětí

$$\underbrace{u_f \cdot K_{G0}}_{e_f = \text{obraz } u_f \text{ na satoru}} = \underbrace{i_f \cdot x_{ad}}_{e = e_q} + \frac{x_{ad}}{r_f} \dot{\psi}_f \quad \text{tj. transformační napětí}$$

$$e'_q = \underbrace{\psi_f \frac{x_{ad}}{x_f}}_{\text{z rovnic stroje}} = \underbrace{e_q + i_d (x_d - x'_d)}_{\text{z fázorového diagramu}}$$

$$e_f = e_q + \underbrace{\frac{x_f}{r_f}}_{T_f = T_{d0}} \underbrace{\frac{x_{ad}}{x_f} \dot{\psi}_f}_{e'_q}$$

# Základní vztahy pro $e_f$ , $e_q$ a $e'_q$

$$e_f = e_q + T_{d0} \left( e_q^\bullet + (x_d - x'_d) \cdot i_d^\bullet \right) = e'_q - i_d (x_d - x'_d) + T_{d0} \cdot e'_q{}^\bullet$$

*výstupem je .....  $e_q$                        $e'_q$*

↑  
poměrné vnitřní  
napětí vyvolané  
budičem - tím  
chceme regulovat  
napětí  $u_\infty$

$$e_q = \frac{e_f - (x_d - x'_d) \cdot s \cdot i_d}{1 + sT_{d0}}$$

$$e'_q = \frac{e_f + (x_d - x'_d) \cdot i_d}{1 + sT_{d0}}$$

# Rovnice pro $e_f - e_q, \delta$

výpočet proudu statoru je-li výstup modelu napětí  $e_q$ :

$$\hat{I} = \hat{Y}(1,1) \cdot \hat{e}_G + \hat{Y}(2,1) \cdot \hat{U}_\infty = i_q + j i_d$$

$$\hat{I} = \underbrace{y_{11} \cdot e^{j\varepsilon_{11}}}_{\hat{Y}(1,1)} \cdot \underbrace{\left[ e_q + i_d (x_d - x_q) \right]}_{\hat{e}_G = e_Q} + \underbrace{y_{21} \cdot e^{j\varepsilon_{21}}}_{\hat{Y}(2,1)} \cdot \underbrace{u_\infty \cdot e^{-j\delta_\infty}}_{\hat{U}_\infty}$$

**z imaginární složky:**

$$i_d = \frac{y_{11} \cdot \sin \varepsilon_{11}}{1 - y_{11} (x_d - x_q) \cdot \sin \varepsilon_{11}} \cdot e_q + \frac{y_{21} \cdot \sin (\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty)}{1 - y_{11} (x_d - x_q) \cdot \sin \varepsilon_{11}} u_\infty$$

$$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{K_e} \qquad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{K'_\delta}$$

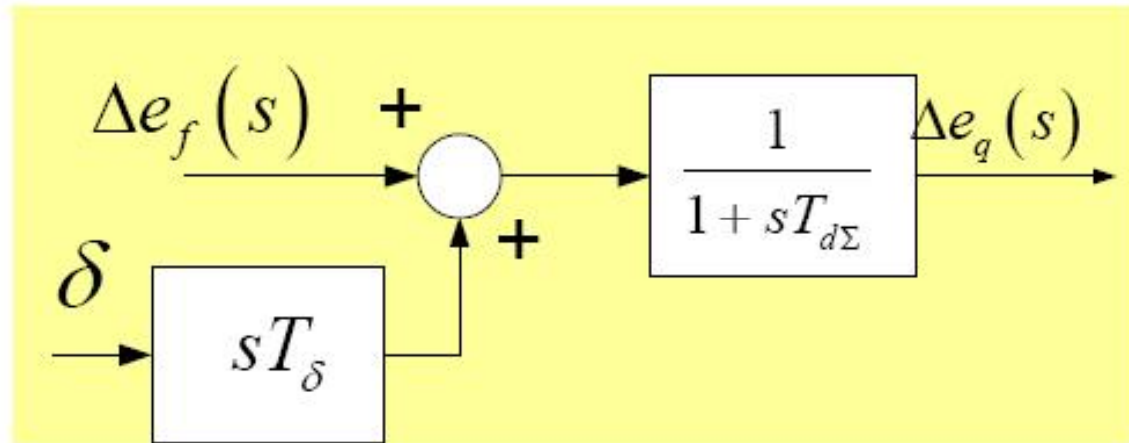
$$i_d^\bullet = e_q^\bullet \cdot K_e - K'_\delta \cdot \cos (\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty) \cdot \delta_\infty^\bullet; \quad e_f = e_q + T_{d0} \left( \underbrace{e_q^\bullet + (x_d - x'_d) \cdot i_d^\bullet}_{\text{výstupem } jee} \right)$$

$$e_f = e_q + T_{d0} \left( e_q^\bullet + (x_d - x'_d) \cdot \left\{ e_q^\bullet \cdot K_e - K'_\delta \cdot \cos (\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty) \delta_\infty^\bullet \right\} \right)$$

$$e_f = e_q + T_{d0} \left( e_q^\bullet \left[ 1 + (x_d - x'_d) \cdot K_e \right] - \delta_\infty^\bullet \cdot \left[ K'_\delta \cdot \cos (\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty) \right] \right)$$

# Rovnice pro $e_f - e_q, \delta$

$$e_f(s) = e_q(s) \left\{ 1 + \underbrace{sT_{d0} [1 + (x_d - x'_d) K_e]}_{T_{d\Sigma}} \right\} - \underbrace{s\delta_\infty \cdot [K'_\delta \cdot \cos(\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty)]}_{T_\delta}$$



# Rovnice pro $e_f - e'_q, \delta$

výpočet proudu statoru je-li výstup modelu napětí  $e'_q$  :

$$\hat{I} = \underbrace{y_{11} \cdot e^{j\varepsilon_{11}}}_{\hat{Y}(1,1)} \cdot \left[ \underbrace{e'_q + i_d (x'_d - x_q)}_{E_g = e_Q} \right] + \underbrace{y_{21} \cdot u_\infty e^{j(\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty)}}_{\hat{Y}(2,1) \cdot \hat{U}_\infty}$$

$$i_d = y_{11} e'_q \cdot \sin \varepsilon_{11} + y_{11} i_d (x'_d - x_q) \sin \varepsilon_{11} + y_{21} u_\infty \sin(\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty)$$

$$i_d = \frac{y_{11} \cdot \sin \varepsilon_{11}}{1 - y_{11} (x'_d - x_q) \cdot \sin \varepsilon_{11}} \cdot e'_q + \frac{y_{21} \cdot u_\infty \cdot \sin(\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty)}{1 - y_{11} (x'_d - x_q) \cdot \sin \varepsilon_{11}}$$

$$K_{e'} \qquad K'_\delta$$

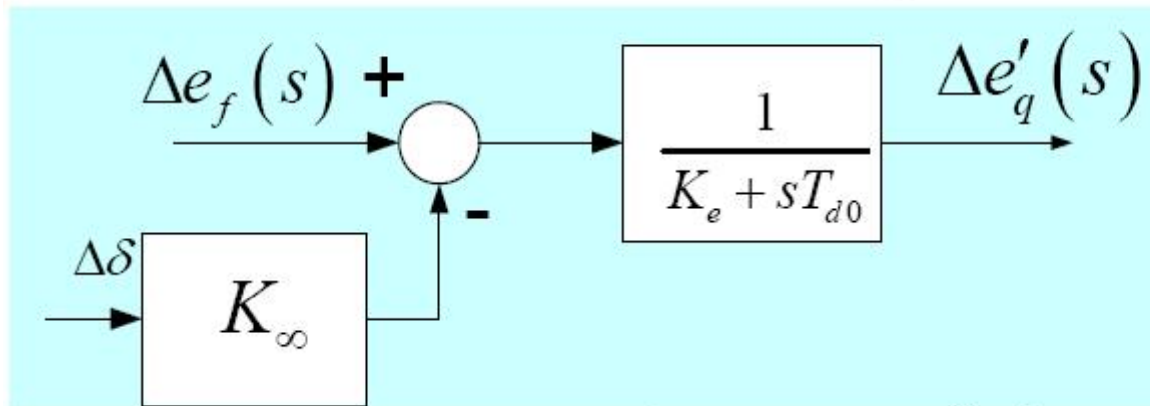
$$e_f = e_q + T_{d0} \cdot e'_q = \underbrace{e'_q - i_d (x_d - x'_d)}_{e_q} + T_{d0} \cdot e'_q$$



# Rovnice pro $e_f - e'_q, \delta$

$$e_f = e'_q \cdot \underbrace{\{1 - K_{e'}(x_d - x'_d)\}}_{K_e} - \underbrace{K'_\delta(x_d - x'_d)}_{K_\delta} \cdot \sin(\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty) + T_{d0} \cdot e'_q$$

$$\Delta e_f(s) = \Delta e'_q (K_e + sT_{d0}) + \underbrace{K_\delta \cos(\varepsilon_{21} - \delta_\infty)_0}_{K_\infty} \Delta \delta(s)$$



# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

*transformace  $\wp \Rightarrow \mathfrak{R}$*

$\wp = \{abcfdQ\}$  ..přirozený systém

$\mathfrak{R} = \{0dqfDQ\}$  ..rotorový systém

$$\begin{bmatrix} i_o \\ i_d \\ i_q \\ i_f \\ i_D \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} [T_p] & [0] \\ [0] & [1_d] \end{bmatrix}}_{[W]} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} i_a \\ i_b \\ i_c \\ i_f \\ i_D \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix}$$

$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} i_o \\ i_d \\ i_q \\ i_f \\ i_D \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix}}_{i_{\mathfrak{R}}} = [W] \cdot \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} i_a \\ i_b \\ i_c \\ i_f \\ i_D \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix}}_{i_{\wp}}$

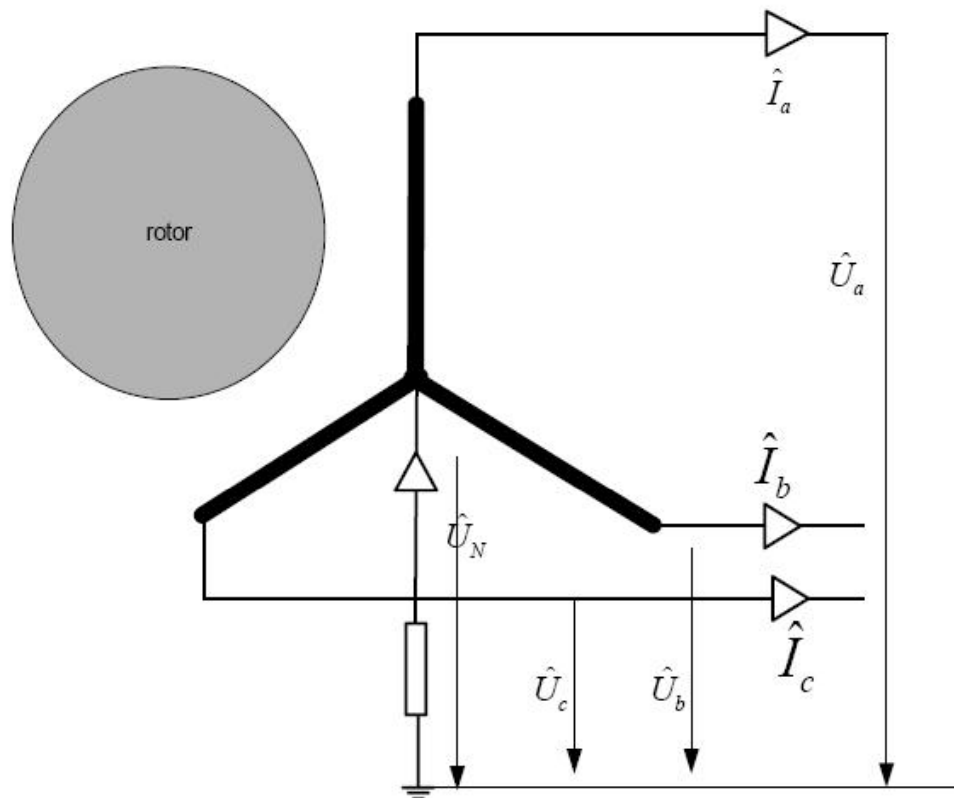
$$[i_{\mathfrak{R}}] = [W] \cdot [i_{\wp}]$$
$$[W]^{-1} = [W]^T$$

# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \psi_a \\ \psi_b \\ \psi_c \\ \psi_f \\ \psi_D \\ \psi_Q \end{bmatrix}}_{\psi_\emptyset} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} L_{aa} & L_{ab} & L_{ac} & L_{af} & L_{aD} & L_{aQ} \\ L_{ba} & \mathbf{L_{SS}} & L_{bc} & L_{bf} & \mathbf{L_{SD}} & L_{bQ} \\ L_{ca} & L_{cb} & L_{cc} & L_{cf} & L_{cD} & L_{cQ} \\ \hline L_{fa} & L_{fb} & L_{fc} & L_{ff} & L_{fD} & L_{fQ} \\ L_{Da} & \mathbf{L_{SR}} & L_{Dc} & L_{Df} & \mathbf{L_{DD}} & L_{DQ} \\ L_{Qa} & L_{Qb} & L_{Qc} & L_{Qf} & \mathbf{L_{RR}} & L_{QQ} \end{bmatrix}}_{L_\emptyset} \cdot \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} i_a \\ i_b \\ i_c \\ i_f \\ i_D \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix}}_{i_\emptyset}$$

# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{abc} \\ \bar{U}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} [R_{abc}] & [0] \\ [0] & [R_{fDQ}] \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \bar{i}_{abc} \\ \bar{i}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \bar{\psi}_{abc} \\ \bar{\psi}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix} \cdot + \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_N \\ \bar{0} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\bar{U}_N = -R_N [1] \cdot \bar{i}_{abc} - L_n [1] \cdot \dot{\bar{i}}_{abc}$$



# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$\underbrace{[W] \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{abc} \\ \bar{U}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix}}_{\begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{0dq} \\ \bar{U}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix}} = - \underbrace{[W] \begin{bmatrix} [R_{abc}] & 0 \\ 0 & [R_{fDQ}] \end{bmatrix}}_{\begin{bmatrix} [R_{abc}] & [0] \\ [0] & [R_{fDQ}] \end{bmatrix}} [W]^{-1} \underbrace{[W] \begin{bmatrix} \bar{i}_{abc} \\ \bar{i}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix}}_{\begin{bmatrix} \bar{i}_{0dq} \\ \bar{i}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix}} - \underbrace{[W] \begin{bmatrix} \bar{\psi}_{abc} \\ \bar{\psi}_{fDQ} \end{bmatrix}}_{\cdot} + [W] \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_N \\ \bar{0} \end{bmatrix}$$

# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$\bar{\psi}_{odq} \dot{\bullet} = [T_p] \cdot \bar{\psi}_{abc} \dot{\bullet} + [T_p] \dot{\bullet} \cdot \bar{\psi}_{abc}$$

$$[W] \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_N \\ \bar{0} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{N0dq} \\ \bar{0} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} 3R_N i_0 \\ \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3L_N i_0 \dot{\bullet} \\ \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{\psi}_{odq} \\ \bar{\psi}_{fdq} \end{bmatrix} = [L_{\mathcal{R}}] \begin{bmatrix} \bar{i}_{odq} \\ \bar{i}_{fdq} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[T_p] \bar{\psi}_{abc} \dot{\bullet} = \bar{\psi}_{odq} \dot{\bullet} - \bar{T}_p \dot{\bullet} \cdot [\psi_{abc}] = \bar{\psi}_{odq} \dot{\bullet} - \underbrace{[T_p] \dot{\bullet} [T_p^{-1}] \cdot \bar{\psi}_{odq}}_{-\omega \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \bar{\psi}_{odq}} = - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\omega \psi_q \\ -\omega \psi_d \end{bmatrix}$$

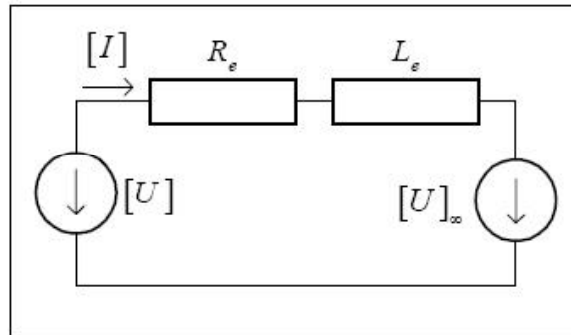
$$\begin{bmatrix} \bar{U}_{odq} \\ \bar{U}_{fdq} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} [R_{abc}] & 0 \\ 0 & [R_{fdq}] \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \bar{i}_{odq} \\ \bar{i}_{fdq} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \bar{\psi}_{odq} \dot{\bullet} \\ \bar{\psi}_{fdq} \dot{\bullet} \end{bmatrix} + \omega \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\psi_q \\ \psi_d \end{bmatrix}$$

# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$\bar{U} = [R + \omega N] \bar{i} + [L] \dot{\bar{i}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_d \\ -U_f \\ 0 \\ U_q \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} r & 0 & 0 & \omega L_q & \omega l_{aq} \\ 0 & r_f & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & r_D & 0 & 0 \\ -\omega L_d & -\omega l_{ad} & -\omega l_{ad} & r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & r_Q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_d \\ i_f \\ i_D \\ i_q \\ i_Q \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} L_d & l_{ad} & l_{ad} & 0 & 0 \\ l_{ad} & L_f & l_{aq} & 0 & 0 \\ l_{ad} & l_{ad} & L_D & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & L_q & l_{aq} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & l_{aq} & L_Q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{i}_d \\ \dot{i}_f \\ \dot{i}_D \\ \dot{i}_q \\ \dot{i}_Q \end{bmatrix}$$

# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti



Propojené zdroje

$$\bar{f}_{odq} = [T_p] \cdot \bar{f}_{abc};$$

$$\bar{f}_{abc} = [T_p]^{-1} \cdot \bar{f}_{odq}$$

$$\bar{f}_{abc} \cdot = \left( [T_p] \cdot \bar{f}_{abc} \right) \cdot = [T_p] \cdot \bar{f}_{abc} + [T_p] \cdot \bar{f}_{abc} \cdot \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{i}_{abc} \cdot = \left( [T_p]^{-1} \bar{i}_{odq} \cdot - [T_p]^{-1} [T_p] \cdot \bar{i}_{abc} \right)$$

$$\bar{U}_{abc} = \bar{U}_{abc,\infty} + R_e \cdot \bar{i}_{abc} + L_e \cdot \bar{i}_{abc} \cdot,$$

$$[T_p] \cdot \bar{U}_{abc} = [T_p] \cdot \bar{U}_{abc,\infty} + R_e \cdot [T_p] \cdot \bar{i}_{abc} + L_e [T_p] \bar{i}_{abc} \cdot$$

$$\bar{U}_{0dq} = \bar{U}_{0dq,\infty} + R_e \bar{i}_{0dq} + L_e \bar{i}_{0dq} \cdot - L_e \underbrace{[T_p] \cdot [T_p]^{-1}}_{\begin{matrix} \bar{i}_{abc} \\ \omega \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \bar{i}_{0dq} \end{matrix}} \bar{i}_{0dq}$$



# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$\bar{U}_{0dq} = \bar{U}_{0dq,\infty} + R_e \cdot \bar{i}_{odq} + L_e \left( \begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{c} i_o \\ i_d \\ i_q \end{array} \right]^{\bullet} \\ - \omega \left[ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -i_q \\ i_d \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right)$$

# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$\bar{U}_{odq} = U_{\infty} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\sin(\delta - \alpha) \\ \cos(\delta - \alpha) \end{bmatrix} + R_e \cdot \bar{i}_{odq} + L_e \cdot \bar{i}_{odq}^{\bullet} - \omega L_e \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -i_q \\ i_d \end{bmatrix},$$

$$-[L] \bar{i}^{\bullet} = [R + \omega N] \cdot \bar{i} + \begin{bmatrix} -U_{\infty} \sin(\delta - \alpha) + R_e i_d + L_e i_d^{\bullet} + \omega L_e i_q \\ -U_f \\ 0 \\ U_{\infty} \cos(\delta - \alpha) + R_e i_q + L_e i_q^{\bullet} - \omega L_e i_d \end{bmatrix}$$

# Rovnice pro stroj zapojený v síti

$$-[L].\dot{\bar{i}} = \left[ \bar{R} + \omega \bar{N} \right].\bar{i} + \begin{bmatrix} -U_{\infty} \sin(\delta - \alpha) \\ -U_f \\ 0 \\ U_{\infty} \cos(\delta - \alpha) \end{bmatrix}$$

+ pohybová rovnice

$$\bar{R} = r + R_e, \quad \bar{L}_d = L_d + L_e, \quad \bar{L}_q = L_q + L_e.$$


respektování sítě → korigovat parametry v rovnicích stroje

# Elektrický moment stroje

$$M_{el} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}_\varphi^T \cdot \frac{d}{d\gamma} L(\gamma) \cdot \bar{i}_\varphi = \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}_R^T \cdot [W] \cdot \frac{d}{d\gamma} ([W]^{-1} [L_R] [W]) \cdot [W]^T \cdot \bar{i}_R$$

$$M_{el} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}_R^T \cdot [L_R] \cdot \frac{d[W]}{d\gamma} [W]^T \bar{i}_R + \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}_R^T \cdot [W] \frac{d[W]^{-1}}{d\gamma} [L_R] \cdot \bar{i}_R$$

$$M_{el} = \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}_R^T [W] \frac{d[W]^T}{d\gamma} \cdot [L_R] \cdot \bar{i}_R + \frac{1}{2} \bar{i}_R^T \cdot [W] \frac{d[W]^T}{d\gamma} [L_R] \cdot \bar{i}_R$$

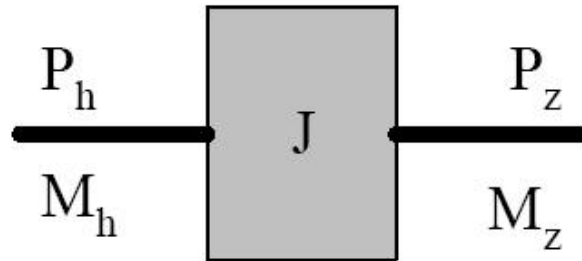
$$M_{el} = \underbrace{\bar{i}_R^T}_{\downarrow} \cdot [W] \cdot \frac{d[W]^{-1}}{d\gamma} \cdot \underbrace{[L_R] \cdot \bar{i}_R}_{[\psi_R]}$$


$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_g = \begin{bmatrix} i_0 & i_d & i_q & i_f & i_D & i_Q \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \psi_q & -\psi_d & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T = i_d \psi_q - i_q \psi_d$$

# Pohybová rce – mechanická část

## Rotační zásobník



akumulovaná energie:

$$E_J(t) = \frac{1}{2} J \cdot \Omega_m^2(t)$$

výkonová bilance:

$$P_h(t) - P_z(t) = E_J^\bullet = J \cdot \Omega^\bullet(t) \cdot \Omega(t) \Rightarrow$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{P_h(t)}{\Omega(t)}}_{M_h(t)} - \underbrace{\frac{P_z(t)}{\Omega(t)}}_{M_z(t)} = J \cdot \Omega^\bullet(t) = M_\Delta(t)$$

pohybová rovnice

$$\int_0^{\Omega_b} J d\Omega = \int_0^{\tau_J} M_b dt \Rightarrow J \cdot \Omega_b = M_b T_J, T_J = J \frac{\Omega_b^2}{S_b} = J \frac{\Omega_b}{M_b}$$

# Pohybová rce – mechanická část

$$M_{\Delta}(t) = \underbrace{M_0 + \Delta M_h(t, \xi_h, \Omega)}_{M_h(t, \xi_h, \Omega)} - \underbrace{\{M_0 + \Delta M_z(t, \xi_z, \Omega)\}}_{M_z(t, \xi_z, \Omega)}$$

$$M_{\Delta}(t) = J(\Omega_0 + \Delta\Omega(t))^\bullet = J \cdot \Delta\Omega^\bullet(t)$$

**převedení do poměrných hodnot:**

$$\tilde{M}_{\Delta}(t) = \frac{J \cdot \Delta\Omega^\bullet(t)}{M_b} = \frac{J \cdot T_J \cdot \Delta\Omega^\bullet(t)}{J\Omega_b} = T_J \cdot \Delta\tilde{\Omega}^\bullet$$

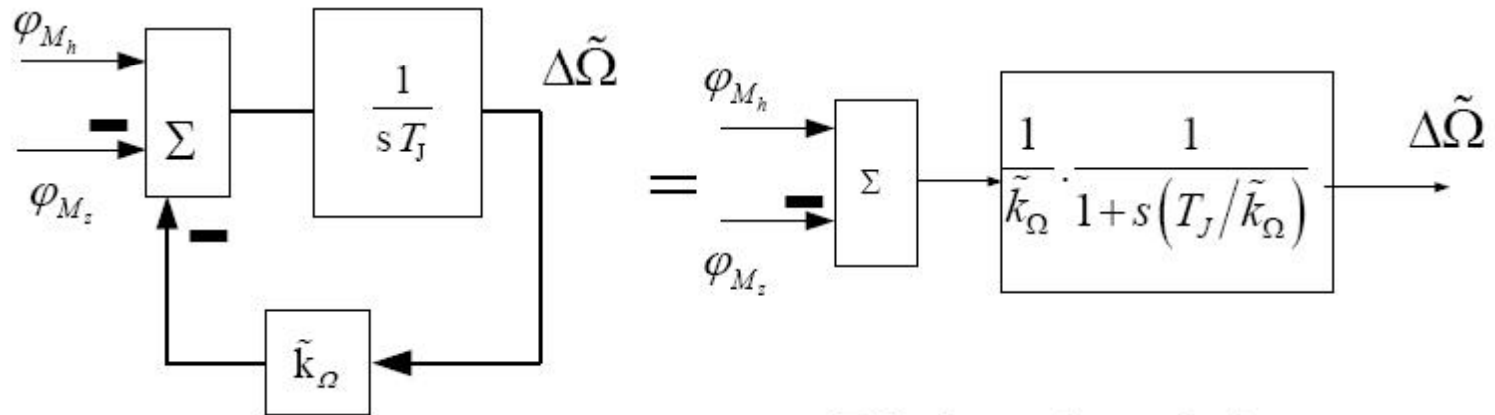
# Pohybová rce – mechanická část

$$\Delta M_i(t, \xi_i, \Omega) = \frac{\partial M_i}{\partial \xi_i} \Delta \xi_i + \frac{\partial M_i}{\partial \Omega} \Delta \Omega; \quad i = h, z$$

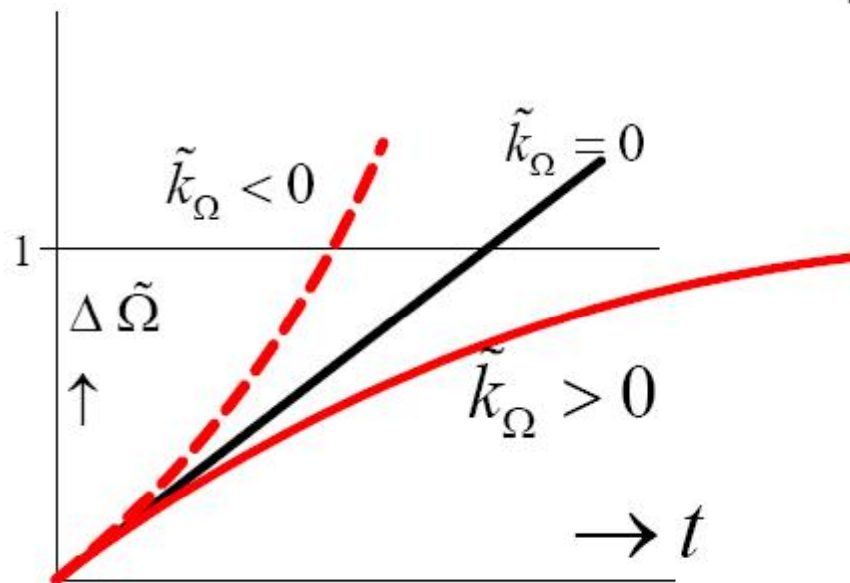
$$\underbrace{\left( \frac{\Delta M_i(t, \xi_i, \Omega)}{M_b} \right)}_{\Delta \tilde{M}_i} = \underbrace{\left( \frac{\frac{\partial M_i}{\partial \xi_i}}{M_b} \right)}_{\frac{\partial \tilde{M}_i}{\partial \tilde{\xi}_i}} \cdot \underbrace{\left( \frac{\Delta \xi_i}{\xi_{ib}} \right)}_{\Delta \tilde{\xi}_i} + \underbrace{\left( \frac{\frac{\partial M_i}{\partial \Omega}}{M_b} \right)}_{\frac{\partial \tilde{M}_i}{\partial \tilde{\Omega}}} \cdot \underbrace{\left( \frac{\Delta \Omega}{\Omega_b} \right)}_{\Delta \tilde{\Omega}}$$

$$T_J \cdot s \Delta \tilde{\Omega} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \tilde{M}_h}{\partial \tilde{\xi}_h}}_{\varphi_{Mh}} \cdot \Delta \tilde{\xi}_h - \underbrace{\frac{\partial \tilde{M}_z}{\partial \tilde{\xi}_x}}_{\varphi_{Mz}} \cdot \Delta \tilde{\xi}_z - \underbrace{\left( \frac{\partial \tilde{M}_z}{\partial \tilde{\Omega}} - \frac{\partial \tilde{M}_h}{\partial \tilde{\Omega}} \right)}_{\tilde{k}_\Omega} \varphi_\Omega$$

# Pohybová rce – mechanická část



Blokové schéma



Přechodová charakteristika



# Odvození pohybové rovnice

<b>Definice a vztahy:</b>		
$\Omega_m / \Omega_{sm}$	rad.s <sup>-1</sup>	mech. úhlová rychlost/synchronní
$\Omega_e / \Omega_{se}$	rad.s <sup>-1</sup>	elektr. úhlová rychlost/synchronní
$n_p$	-	počet pólových dvojic
$J = GD^2/4$	kg.m <sup>2</sup>	moment setrvačnosti
$M_J$	N.m	akcelerační moment
$\Omega_{\Delta m} = d\delta_m / dt$	rad.s <sup>-1</sup>	přírůstek úhlové rychlosti
$H = \frac{1}{2} \frac{J\Omega_{sm}^2}{S_b} = \frac{T_J}{2}$	s	akumulovaná energie na jednotku výkonu,
$T_J = J\Omega_{sm}^2 / S_b$	s	mechanická časová konstanta
$\tilde{T}_J = T_J \cdot \Omega_{se}$	rad	mechanická časová konstanta p.u.
$\tilde{t} = t/t_b = \Omega_{se} \cdot t$	rad	poměrný čas
$S_b$	MVA	bázový (vztažný) výkon
$M_b = S_b / \Omega_{sm}$	MVA	bázový moment
$P = \Omega_m \cdot M$	MW	vazba výkon ↔ moment
$\varepsilon = \{\Omega - \Omega_b\} / \Omega_b$	p.u.	skluz

# Pohybová rovnice

$$\sum M = \underbrace{M_J}_{\substack{\text{setrvačné} \\ \text{hmoty}}} + \underbrace{M_h}_{\substack{\text{hmací} \\ \text{moment}}} + \underbrace{M_z}_{\substack{\text{zátěžný} \\ \text{moment}}} + \underbrace{M_D}_{\substack{\text{tlumicí} \\ \text{moment}}} = 0 / \text{system } M / G$$

$$J \frac{d\Omega_m}{dt} = \underbrace{M_h - M_z \pm M_D}_{\Delta M} = M_J \quad / \text{system smíšený}$$

$$P_T = P_G + W_{kin}^{\bullet} + P_{\Delta}$$

$$W_{kin} = \frac{1}{2} J \omega^2 = \frac{1}{2} J \delta^{\bullet 2}$$

$$W_{kin}^{\bullet} = J \omega \omega^{\bullet} = J \delta^{\bullet} \delta^{\bullet\bullet} \approx J \omega_0 \omega^{\bullet}$$

# Pohybová rovnice

$$\frac{J\omega_0}{S_B} = \frac{1/2J\omega_0^2}{S_B\omega_0} = \frac{W_{0,kin}}{\pi f_0 S_B} = \frac{H}{\pi f_0}$$

$$P_{\Delta} = P_{as} + k\omega^2 \approx D.S_B.\delta^{\bullet}$$

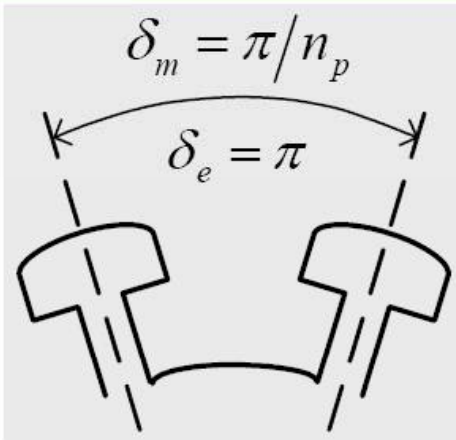
$$\frac{P_T}{S_B} = \frac{H}{\pi f_0} \delta^{\bullet\bullet} + D.\delta^{\bullet} + \frac{P_G}{S_B}$$

**Přírůstkový tvar**

$$\frac{H}{\pi f_0} \delta^{\bullet\bullet} + D.\delta^{\bullet} + \frac{\Delta P_G}{S_B} - \frac{\Delta P_T}{S_B} = 0$$

# Pohybová rovnice

$$\underbrace{(\Omega_{sm} + \Delta\Omega_m)}_{\Omega_m} \bullet = \Delta\Omega_m \bullet = \delta_m \bullet\bullet = \frac{1}{n_p} \delta_e \bullet\bullet$$



$$\Omega_e = n_p \cdot \Omega_m, \quad \delta_m \bullet = \Delta\Omega_m$$

$$J \underbrace{\left( \frac{\delta_m}{\delta_e/n_p} \right) \bullet\bullet}_{\Omega_m \bullet} = \frac{J}{n_p} \delta_e \bullet\bullet = M_J = M_\Delta$$

$$\frac{M_J}{M_b} = \frac{J}{M_b \cdot n_p} \cdot \delta_e \bullet\bullet = \underbrace{\left( \frac{J\Omega_{sm}^2}{S_b} \right)}_{T_r} \cdot \frac{\delta_e \bullet\bullet}{\Omega_{sm} n_p} = \tilde{M}_J = \tilde{M}_\Delta$$

# Pohybová rovnice

$$\frac{T_J}{n_p \cdot \Omega_{sm}} \cdot \delta_e'' = \frac{T_J}{\Omega_{se}} \cdot \frac{d^2 \delta_e}{\underbrace{dt^2}_{(d\tilde{t}^2/\Omega_{se}^2)}} = \frac{\Omega_{se} T_J}{\tilde{T}_J} \frac{d^2 \delta_e}{d\tilde{t}^2} = \tilde{M}_J = \tilde{M}_\Delta$$

pohybová rovnice v p.u.,

$$\Delta \tilde{M} = \frac{M_h - M_z}{M_b} = \frac{P_h - P_z}{\Omega_m} \cdot \frac{\Omega_{sm}}{S_b} = \frac{\Delta \tilde{P}}{\tilde{\Omega}} = \frac{\Delta \tilde{P}}{1 + \Delta \tilde{\Omega}}$$

$$\tilde{T}_J \cdot \frac{d^2 \delta_e}{d\tilde{t}^2} = \frac{\Delta \tilde{P}}{1 + \Delta \tilde{\Omega}} \doteq \Delta \tilde{P} \Rightarrow |\Delta \tilde{\Omega}| \leq 0.01$$

# Tlumící výkon

$$p = R_e \{ u \cdot i^* \} = u_q i_q + u_d i_d,$$

členění výkonů

$$q = I_m \{ u \cdot i^* \} = u_d i_q - u_q i_d$$

$$u_q = -i_q r - \underbrace{\psi_q \dot{\phantom{q}}}_{\sim 0} + \omega \underbrace{(l_d i_d + l_{ad} (i_f + i_D))}_{\psi_d}$$

$$u_q = x_d \cdot i_d + \underbrace{x_{ad} \cdot i_f}_e + \underbrace{x_{ad} \cdot i_D}_{e_{tD}} - i_q \cdot r$$

$$j u_d = -j i_d \cdot r - \underbrace{j \psi_d \dot{\phantom{d}}}_{\sim 0} - j \omega \underbrace{(l_q i_q + l_{aq} i_Q)}_{\psi_q} = -j x_q i_q - j \underbrace{x_{aq} i_Q}_{e_{tQ}} - j i_d \cdot r$$

$$p = \underbrace{e i_q + i_q (x_d - x_q)}_{p_{syn.}} - r (i_d^2 + i_q^2) + \underbrace{e_{tD} i_q - e_{tQ} i_D}_{p_{as.} \equiv D \cdot \delta^\bullet},$$

# Tlumící výkon

$$u_d = u \cdot \cos \delta = e - i_d \cdot x_d = e'_q - i_d \cdot x'_d \Rightarrow i_d = e - u \cdot \cos \delta / x_d$$

$$e'_q = \underbrace{u \cdot \cos \delta}_{u_d} + \underbrace{\left\{ (e - u \cdot \cos \delta) / x_d \right\} \cdot x'_d}_{i_d} = u \cdot \cos \delta \cdot \left\{ (x_d - x'_d) / x_d \right\} + e \cdot x'_d / x_d$$

$$e'_q \bullet = -u \cdot \sin \delta_0 \cdot \left\{ (x_d - x'_d) / x_d \right\} \delta \bullet + e \bullet \cdot x'_d / x_d$$

$$u_f = e + T_{d0} \cdot e'_q \bullet = e - T_{d0} \cdot u \cdot \sin \delta_0 \cdot \left\{ (x_d - x'_d) / x_d \right\} \delta \bullet + T_{d0} \cdot e \bullet \cdot x'_d / x_d$$

$$u_f(s) = e(s)(1 + s \cdot T'_d) - u \cdot T_{d0} \cdot \sin \delta_0 \cdot \left\{ (x_d - x'_d) / x_d \right\} s \delta,$$

$$T'_d = T_{d0} \cdot x'_d / x_d$$

$$\text{pro } \Delta u_f = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta e(s) = \frac{x_d - x'_d}{x_d} \cdot \frac{T_{d0} \cdot u \cdot \sin \delta_0}{T'_d s + 1} s \cdot \delta$$

$$\Delta p_e = \underbrace{\frac{eu \cos \delta_0}{x_d}}_{\partial p_e / \partial \delta} \Delta \delta + \underbrace{\frac{u \cdot \sin \delta_0}{x_d}}_{\partial p_e / \partial e} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{x_d - x'_d}{x_d} \cdot \frac{T_{d0} \cdot u \cdot \sin \delta_0}{T'_d s + 1} s \cdot \delta}_{\Delta e}$$

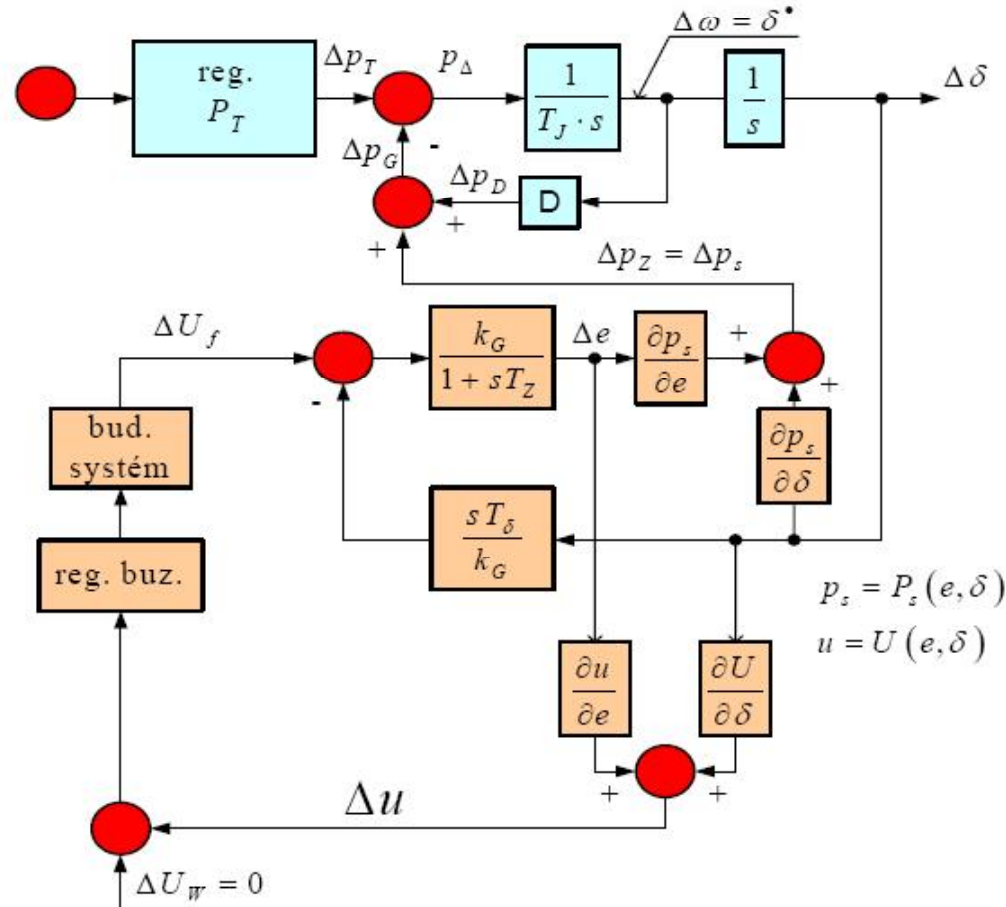
$$D = \frac{x_d - x'_d}{x_d \cdot x'_d} \cdot \frac{T'_d}{1 + s T'_d} (u \cdot \sin \delta_0)^2$$

# Regulace stroje

$$(T_j \cdot s^2 + D \cdot s + C) \cdot \Delta \delta(s) + B \cdot \Delta e(s) = 0$$

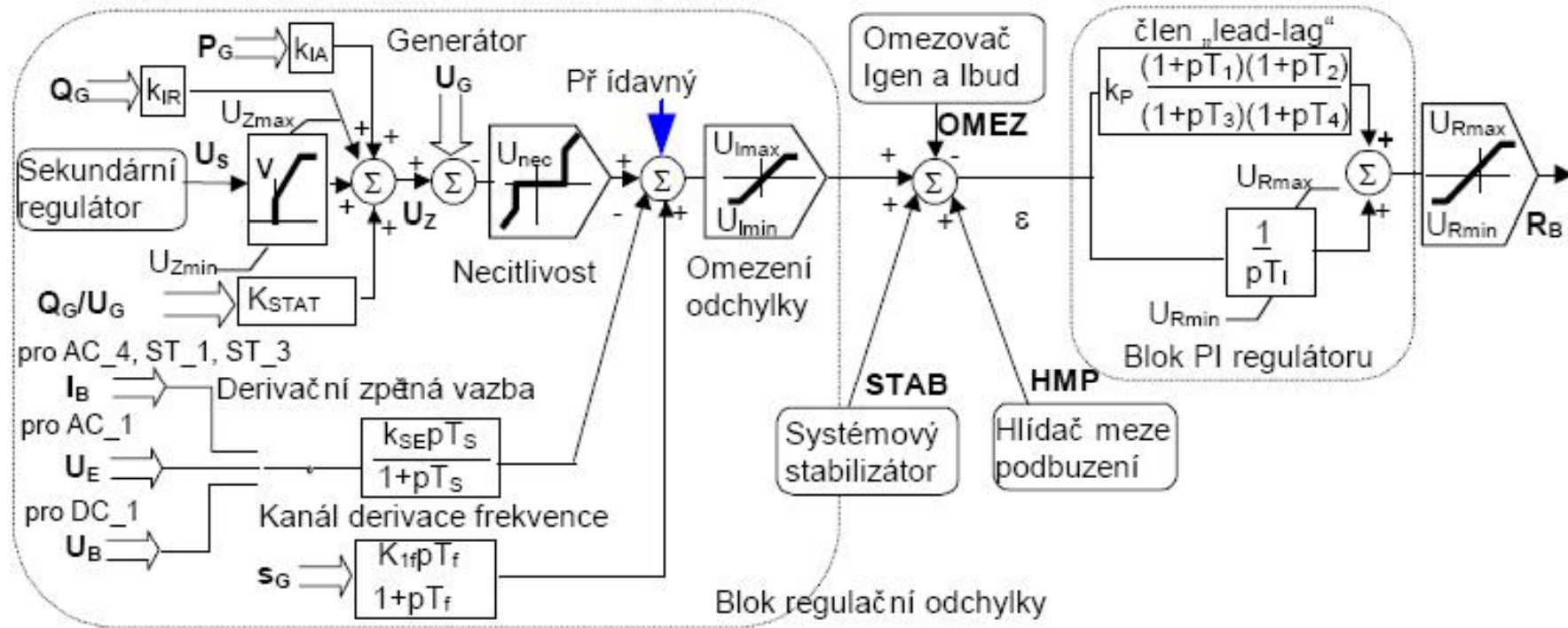
$$C = (\partial P_s / \partial \delta) \dots \text{synchronizační výkon}, B = (\partial P_s / \partial e)$$

## Schéma linearizovaného obvodu:





# Regulace buzení



# Regulace turbíny

